

# MEG実験2010 現状と展望

日本物理学会2010年秋季大会  
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東京大学 素粒子物理国際研究センター  
内山 雄祐

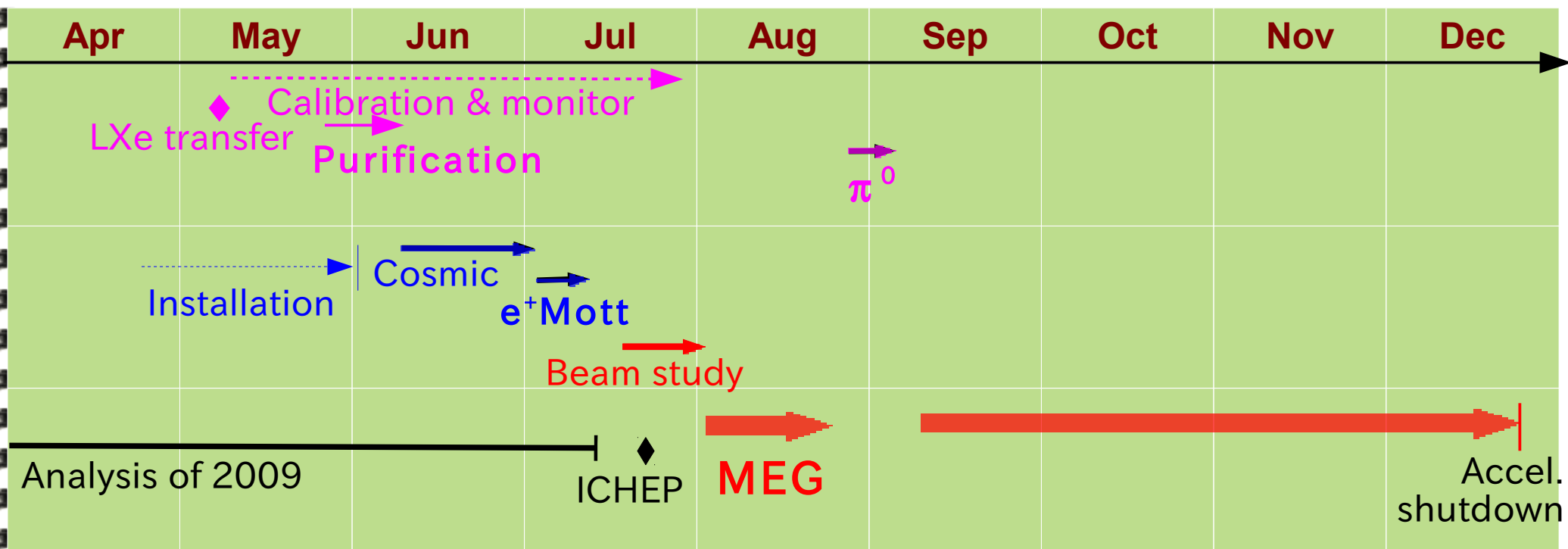
# Contents

- **2010 status**
  - Run schedule
  - Detector condition
- **Update, modification**
  - DRS timing tune
  - Mott scat data
  - Neutron generator
- **Performance**
- **Sensitivity 2010**
- **Further prospects**

# 2010スケジュール

RUN2010 : MEG3年目の物理ラン

Already started



- Re-install spectrometer after repair & maintenance work (~1 month delay)
- Positron beam test
- Beam optimization
- MEG RUN 2010- I
- Pi0 calibration run
- MEG RUN 2010-II

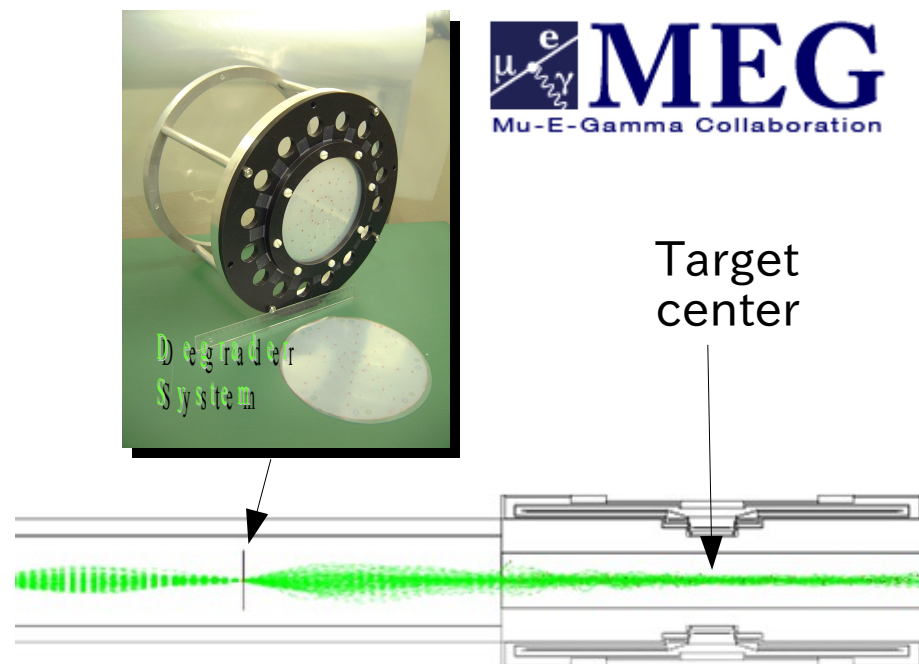
Total  
**117 days** for physics data taking  
 cf. 43 days in 2009  $\times 2.7$

# New things, modifications

- Beam optimization
- Replaced 5 Drift Chamber modules with new ones
- Z-measuring Timing Counter integration
- Electronics (waveform digitizer) timing tuning
- New calibration method (feasibility test, mounting)
  - Positron mott scattering
  - Neutron generator for 9 MeV gamma

# Beam optimization

- Beam intensity
- Stopping distribution
- Degraded, momentum slit
- Event distribution (asymmetry)
- Optimize S/N
- Originally planned before 2009 run
  - 1<sup>st</sup> half of 2009 data shows strong asymmetry (200 $\mu$ m degrader)
    - Less stopping efficiency (~65% of that with 300 $\mu$ m degrader)
    - Higher BG
  - Changed degrader setting during run2009
    - $T_{\text{live}}^{200} : T_{\text{live}}^{300} = 37 : 63$
    - $N_{\text{stop}}^{200} : N_{\text{stop}}^{300} = 29 : 71$
- This study shows the setting of 2<sup>nd</sup> half of 2009 was optimal
  - Tuned beam center for this setting
  - Rate was adjusted to  $3.6 \times 10^7 \mu/\text{sec}$  at center  $\rightarrow R_{\text{stop}} = 2.9 \times 10^7 \mu/\text{sec}$



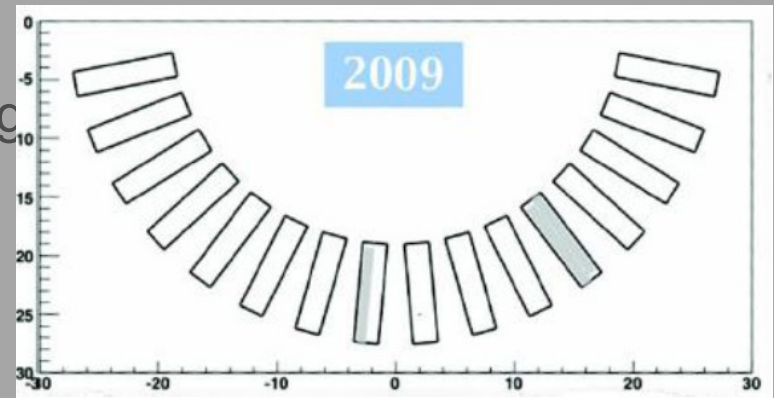
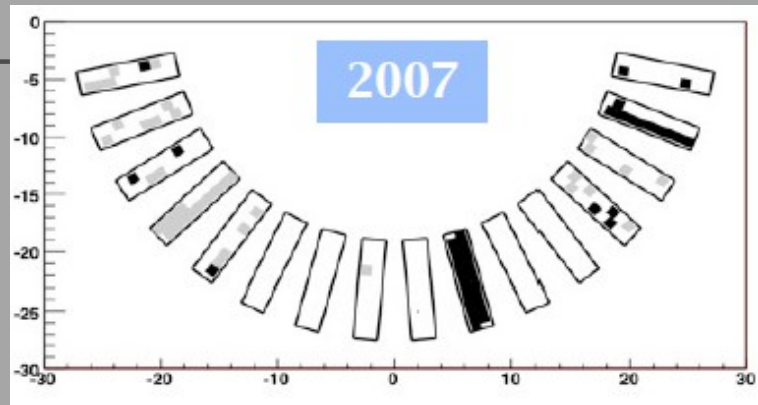
This year  
More efficient and less BG beam condition for all period

## Detector condition

- Drift chamber
  - Replaced 5 modules with new ones
  - 30 layers (out of 32) working at nominal voltage
  - (still) large noise on cathode readout
- Liquid xenon
  - Slightly higher light yield (full (updating best record))
  - A few PMTs becoming dead
    - Continuous decrease of PMT gain
    - Total 7 dead channels
- Timing counter
  - Phi-bars working fine (for this 3 years)
    - Optimization of thresholds for better timing resolution are ongoing
  - Z-fibers just integrated into our DAQ
    - Conditioning, noise study, readout tuning under way
    - Integrating into trigger is under study

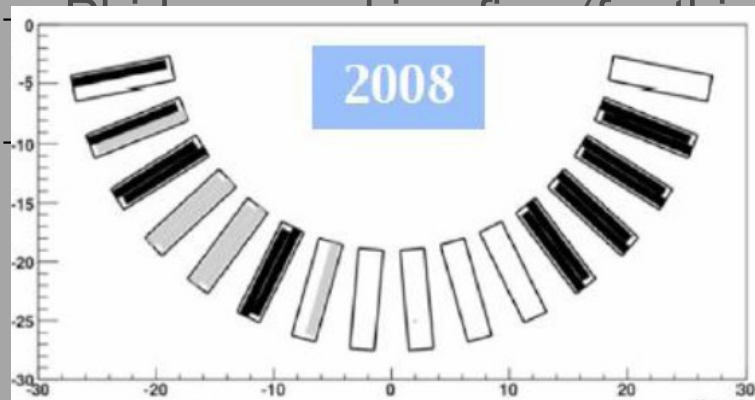
# Detector condition

- Drift chamber
  - Replaced **5 modules** with new ones
  - **30** layers (out of 32) working at nominal voltage
  - (still) large **noise** on cathode readout

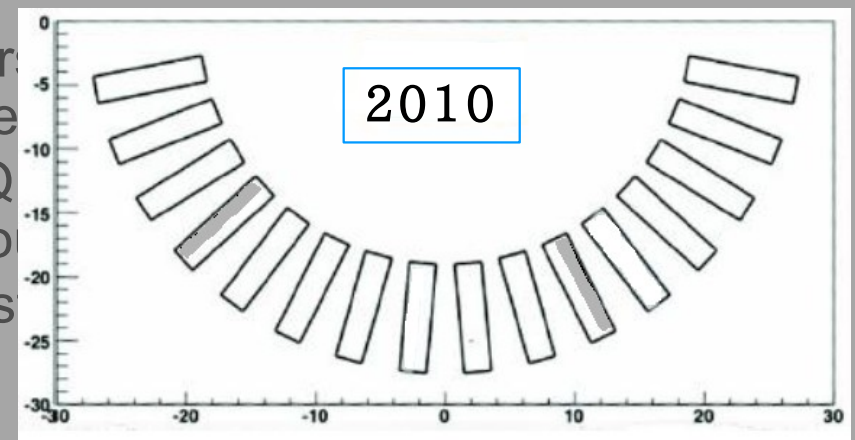


(updating  
increase

- Timing counter



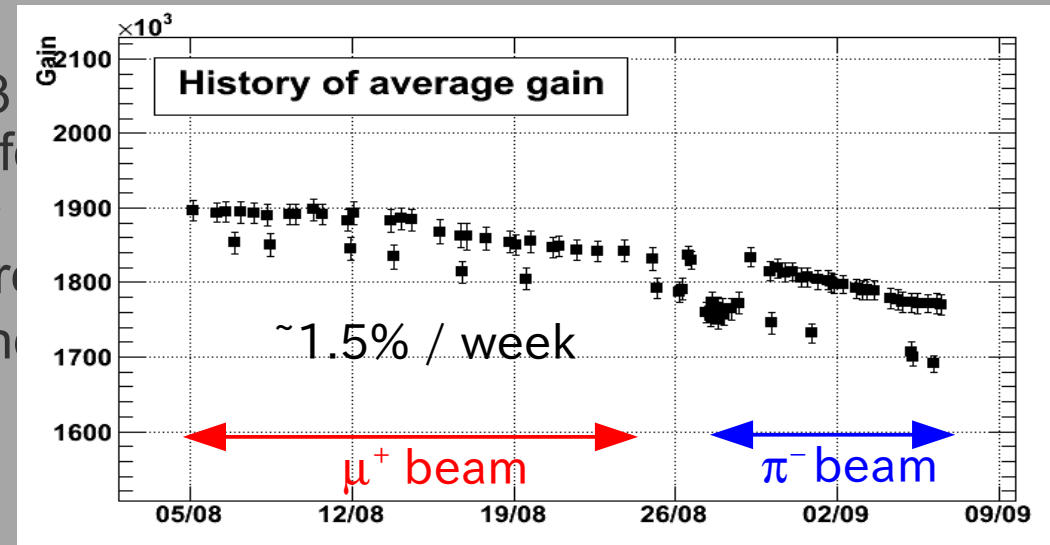
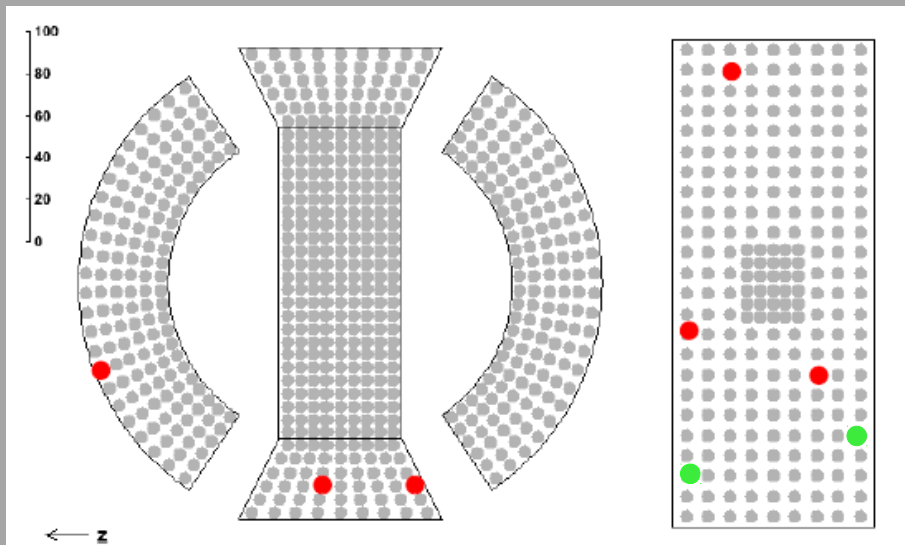
3 year  
for be  
r DAQ  
reado  
nder s



13pSM-1 : He/C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>を用いたドリフトチェンバーの高頻度照射下でのエイジング 西口創

# Detector condition

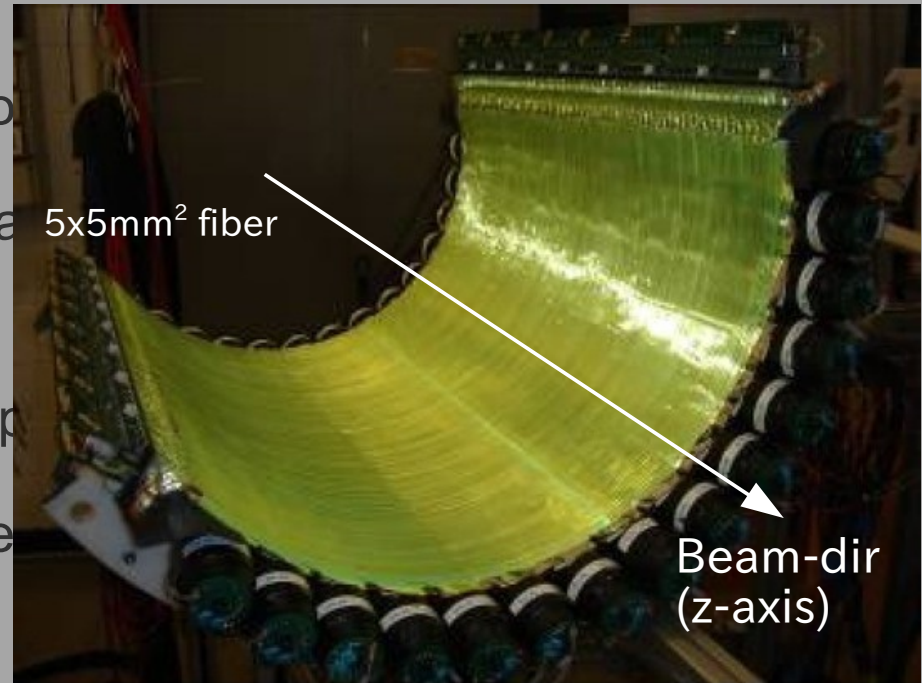
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- Liquid xenon
  - Slightly higher light yield (**full** (updating best record))
  - A few PMTs becoming dead
    - Continuous PMT **gain decrease**
    - Total 7 dead channels





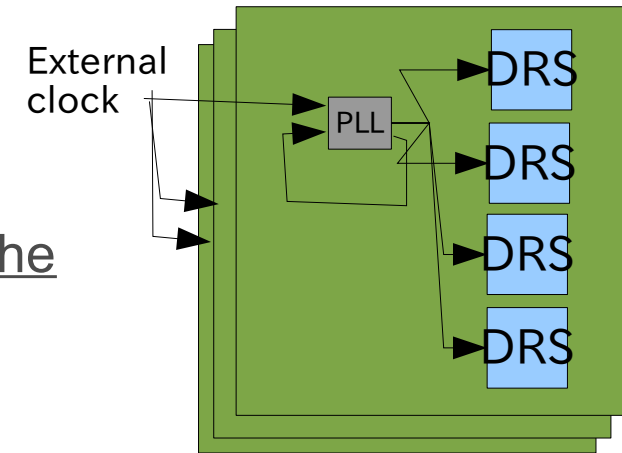
# Detector condition

- Drift chamber
  - Replaced 5 modules with new ones
  - 30 lay Two-layer (orthogonal) at rear
  - (still)
    - Z-fiber
    - Phi-bar
- Liquid xenon Online resolution
  - Slight
    - $\sim 5\text{cm} \rightarrow \sim 2.5\text{cm}$  (up)
  - A few PMTs becoming dead
    - Continuous PMT gain decrease
    - Total 7 dead channels
- Timing counter
  - Phi-bars working fine (for this 3 years)
    - Optimization of thresholds for better timing resolution are ongoing
  - Z-fibers just integrated into our DAQ
    - Conditioning, noise study, readout tuning under way
    - Integrating into [trigger](#) is under study

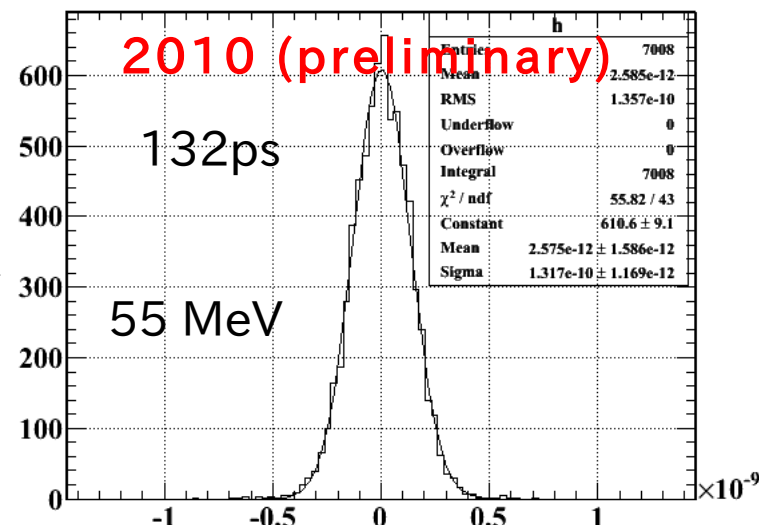
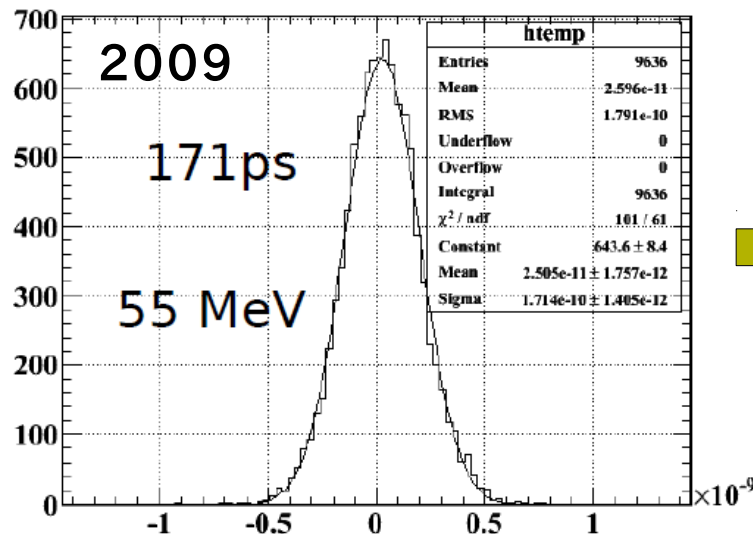


# Electronics Timing Accuracy

- In 2009, we introduced new version of waveform digitizer (DRS4)
  - Low noise, better linearity
  - Sampling frequency is regulated by PLL
  - However, found to have worse timing accuracy
  - 2009 timing resolution was largely worsened by the electronics
- Modification during shutdown period
  - Reduce digital noise on acquisition board
  - Optimize PLL regulation circuit to minimize jitter



## Time difference of two gamma from $\pi^0$ decay

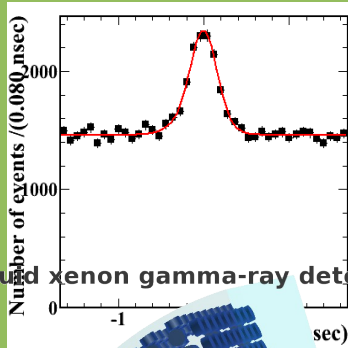
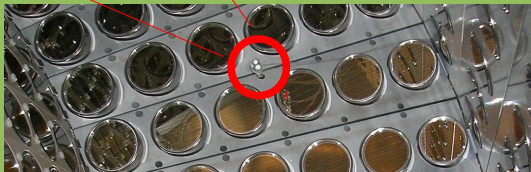


# MEG calibrations



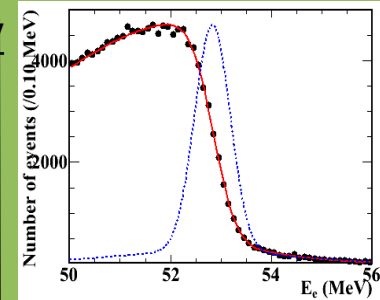
## LED

PMT Gain



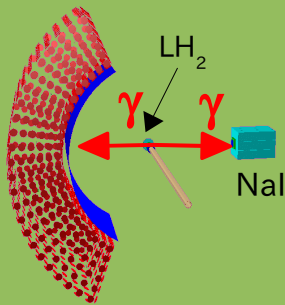
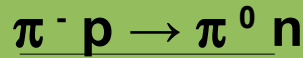
## Radiative Decay

$\mu \rightarrow e\nu\nu\gamma$   
Relative timing  
Similar topology



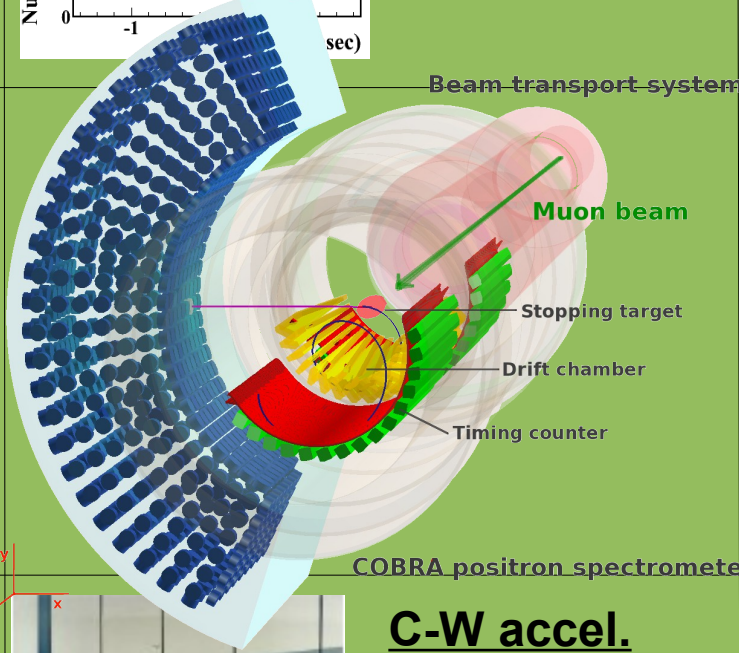
## Michel Decay

$\mu \rightarrow e\nu\nu$



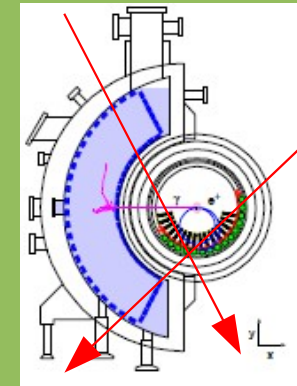
$\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$   
55, 83, 129 MeV  
monochoro

$\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma e^+ e^-$   
Relative timing  
Similar topology

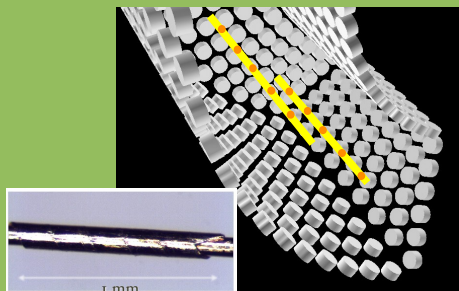


## CosmicRay

DC alignment  
TC uniformity  
LXe monitor



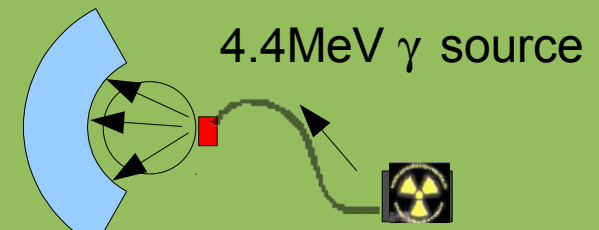
## Alpha



## C-W accel.

Li(p,  $\gamma$ )Be  
- 18 MeV  $\gamma$   
B(p,  $\gamma$ )C  
- 4, 11 MeV 2 $\gamma$

## AmBe



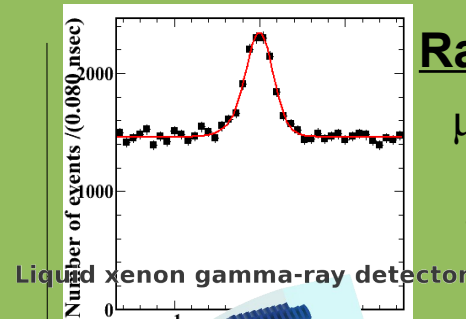
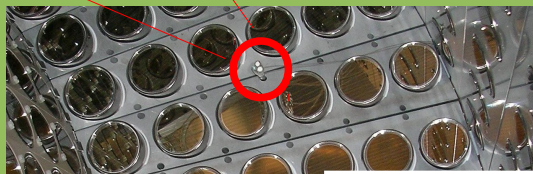
Complementary for completeness  
Duplicative for cross check

# MEG calibrations



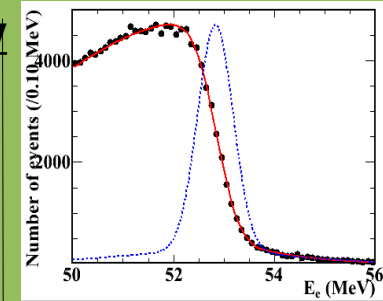
## LED

PMT Gain



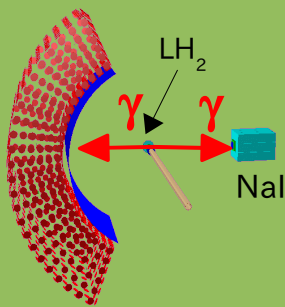
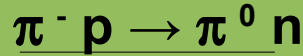
## Radiative Decay

$\mu \rightarrow e\nu\nu\gamma$   
Relative timing  
Similar topology



## Michel Decay

$\mu \rightarrow e\nu\nu$



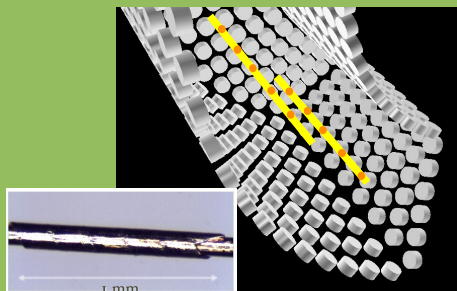
## What's missing ?

- Monochromatic positrons
- Gamma source used in beam ON
- Angle calibration

## CosmicRay

- DC alignment
- TC uniformity
- LXe monitor

## Alpha



PMT QE

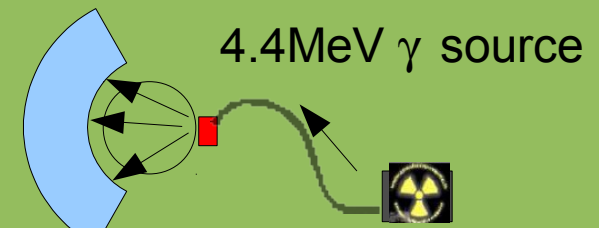
Am source on wire



## C-W accel.

- Li(p,γ)Be  
- 18MeV γ
- B(p,γ)C  
- 4,11MeV 2γ

## AmBe

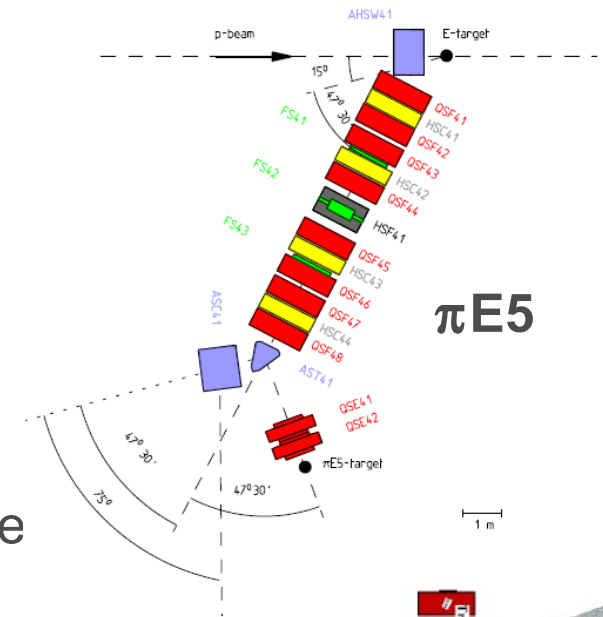


Complementary for completeness  
Duplicative for cross check

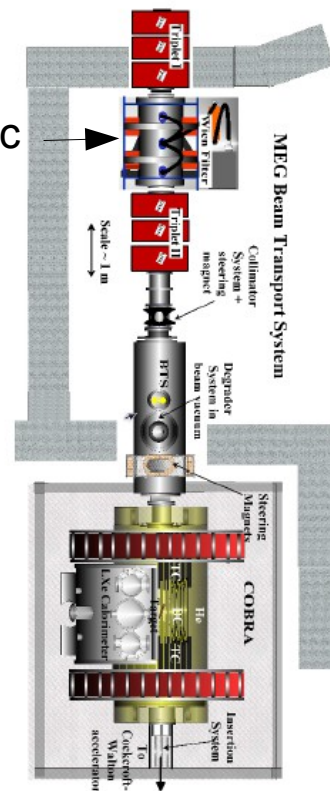
# New calibration method 1

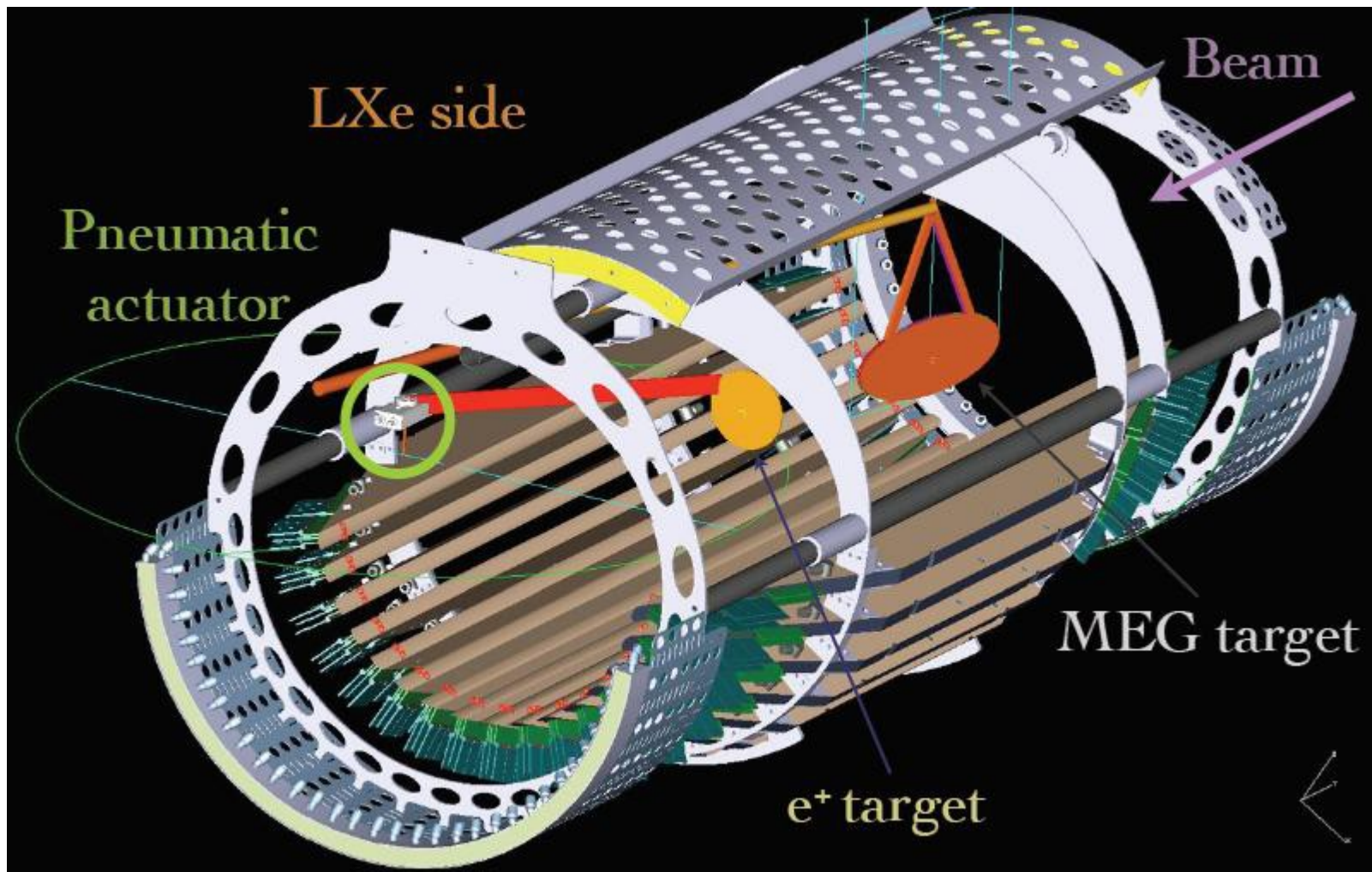
- Spectrometer calibration with **e<sup>+</sup> Mott scattering**
  - Coherent elastic scatter of e<sup>+</sup> on light nuclei
    - **Precisely known cross-section**
  - **e<sup>+</sup> beam**
    - High intensity @ PiE5 beamline
      - For MEG, e<sup>+</sup> are separated and rejected
    - **Monochromatic, and momentum tunable**
      - Select momentum with low momentum bite (~100keV)
  - **Target** (light nuclei → Carbon is best solution)
    - MEG target (thickness of 205μm)
    - Dedicated target
      - Pure CH<sub>2</sub> (thickness of 2mm)
      - Mounted inside COBRA magnet
  - **Calibrate and study**
    - Momentum resolution → Modification, optimization
    - Efficiency and uniformity
      - Cross section & angular distribution well known

First test in May (feasibility test)  
Analysis underway  
→ Modification, optimization



electrostatic separator



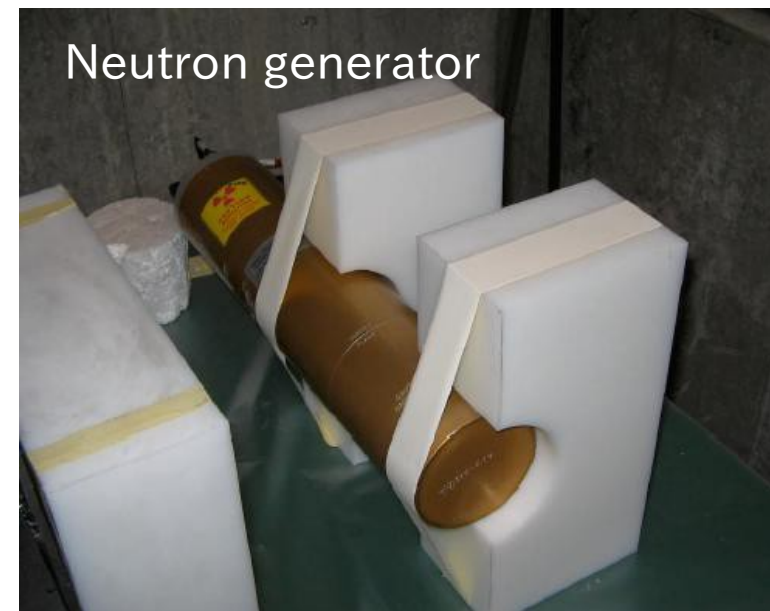
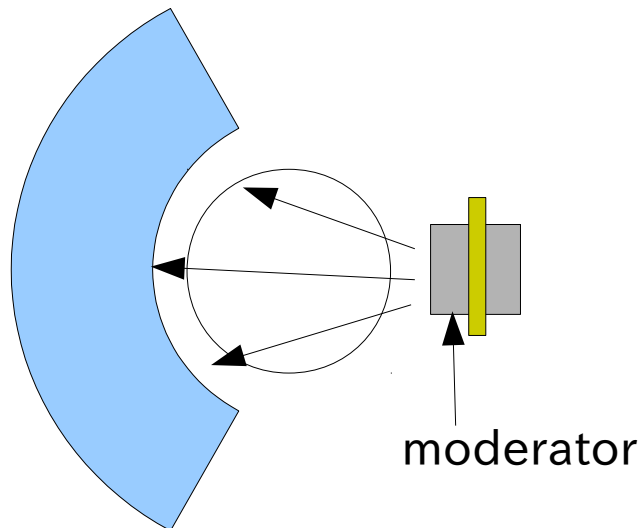


Mounted (May 2010)

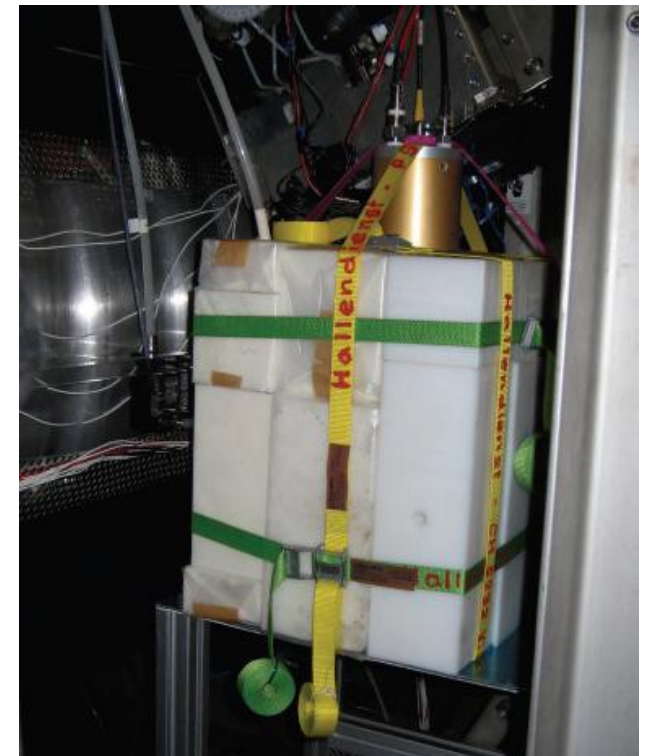


## New calibration method 2

- **9 MeV gamma** from n-Ni reaction
  - Thermal neutron capture on Ni
  - Unique possibility of calibrating LXe with gamma under **beam ON**.
- **Neutron generator** as n-source
  - D-D reaction
  - Pulsed operation (better S/N under beam condition)
  - Easy to switch ON/OFF
    - Frequent monitoring (any time)



Installed (June 2010)



# 2010 Expectations



# Expected performance

	2008	2009 <sub>(preliminary)</sub>	2010 <sub>(preliminary estimate)</sub>
Gamma energy (%)	2.0 (w>2cm)	←	1.5(w>2cm)
Gamma timing (psec)	80	>67	68
Gamma position (mm)	5(u,v) / 6(w)	←	←
Gamma efficiency (%)	63	58	←
Positron momentum (%)	1.6	0.74(core)	0.7
Positron timing (psec)	<125	<95	←
Positron angle (mrad)	10( $\phi$ ) / 18 ( $\theta$ )	7.4( $\phi$ ,core) / 11.2( $\theta$ )	8( $\phi$ ) / 8( $\theta$ )
Positron efficiency (%)	14	40	40
e+-g timing (psec)	148	142(core)	120
Muon decay point (mm)	3.2(R) / 4.5(z)	2.3(R) / 2.8(z)	1.4(R) / 2.5(z)
Trigger efficiency (%)	66	84	84-94
DAQ time/Real time (days)	48 / 78	35 / 43	95 / 117

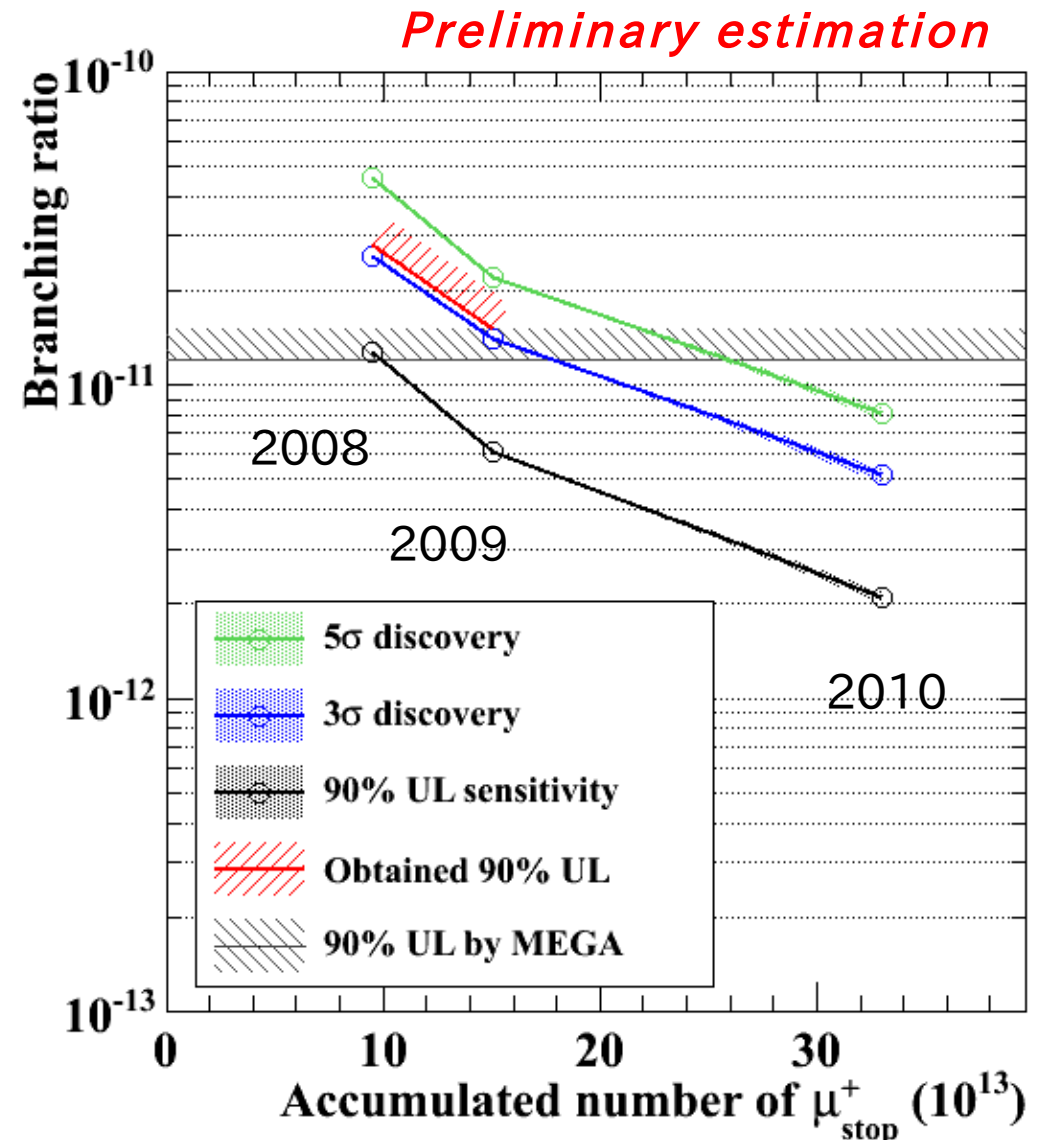
For detail,

→ 13pSM3 “MEG実験液体キセノン検出器の性能” 白雪

→ 13pSM2 “MEG実験用電子スペクトロメータの性能評価” 藤井祐樹

# Expected statistics & sensitivity

- 3.1-3.5倍の統計(2009比)
  - 2.7 beam time × 1.15 stopping eff,  
× trigger eff
- Sensitivity : **(2.0-2.2) × 10<sup>-12</sup>**
  - cf.  $S_{2009} = 6.1 \times 10^{-12}$
  - Current best UL =  $1.2 \times 10^{-11}$   
(MEGA 1999)



# Summary table

	2008	2009 <sub>(preliminary)</sub>	2010 <sub>(preliminary estimate)</sub>
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Trigger efficiency (%)	66	84	84-94
Stopping muon rate (/sec)	$3 \times 10^7$ (300 $\mu$ m)	$2.8 \times 10^7$ (300 $\mu$ m)	$2.9 \times 10^7$ (300 $\mu$ m)
DAQ time/Real time (days)	48 / 78	35 / 43	95 / 117
Sensitivity	$1.3 \times 10^{-11}$	$6.1 \times 10^{-12}$	$(2.0-2.2) \times 10^{-12}$
BR upper limit (obtained)	$2.8 \times 10^{-11}$	$1.5 \times 10^{-11}$	-

## Further prospects, Discussion

- We will run at least until 2012
  - Another two-year full run.
  - No clear schedule for further years
  - We will **clarify the situation (2009 result) by ourselves** with long term stable data taking
- Our goal is a sensitivity of **a few  $\times 10^{-13}$**
- To achieve the goal
  - **Gaining statistics** is crucial
  - **Must reduce BG by improving analysis**

## Further improvement

- Efficiency and data statistics
  - DAQ and Trigger efficiency by **double buffering**
    - Current DAQ eff ~ 82%
    - Current TRG eff = 84%
    - → **99x95 %**
    - Possibility in our system has been considered since this spring
      - Study underway
      - Possibly implemented from next year
  - $e^+$  tracking efficiency
    - Even if the full operation of DC, eff is limited to **<50%** due to detector material.
    - Improvement under consideration
      - Use **thinner cables**, upto **15%** improvement
      - Feasibility and design underway, possibly from 2012
    - Drastic improvement requires major upgrade of detector
- Analysis
  - Gamma energy
  - Positron tracking

# Strategy for analysis improvement

- Positron tracking
  - Reduce noise, hardware and software
  - Fine tuning of track fitting algorithm
- Gamma energy
  - Understand LXe optical properties
    - MC
      - Reflection with polarization, etc.
    - Improve QE measurement
    - Detail understand of detector
    - Optimize analysis with MC training
  - Fine calibration
    - Stable and better quality data of pi0 run with BGO
    - Uniformity calibration for high energy gamma
  - Develop more sophisticated reconstruct algorithms
  - Possibility of replacing bad PMTs with new ones (2012?)

## Summary

- **8月頭から既に物理ランを再開**
  - 3年目、スムーズに。
  - 色々最適化を進めている。
- **新しいキャリブレーション方法を試行**
- **期待される実験感度の見積り**
  - ~3倍の統計を貯められる。(2009比)
  - 期待感度： $\sim 2 \times 10^{-12}$
- **今後の長期ランで2009結果の状況をはっきりさせることができる**
  - 最低3年走る。
  - 目標感度に到達するには、統計を如何に稼ぐかが非常に重要。
  - BGを落とすために解析を鋭意改善

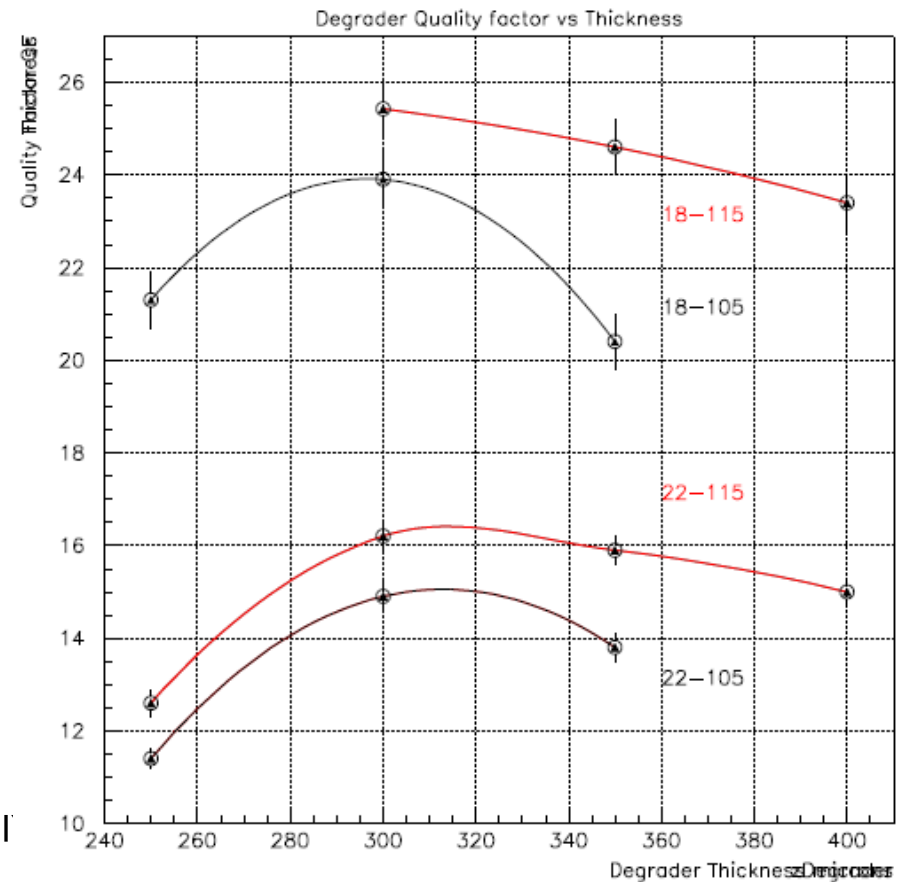
# Quality factor for Beam optimization

Trigger#22:  
TC trigger

$$Q F = \left( \frac{N_{GOOD}}{N_{TC-Clusters}} \right) \cdot \frac{N_{TOT-TRG\#22}}{\langle I_P \rangle \cdot T_{TOT}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{N_{GOOD}}{N_{TC-Clusters}}}$$

Trigger#18:  
DC trigger

$$Q F = \left( \frac{N_{GOOD}}{\langle I_P \rangle \cdot T_{TOT}} \right) \cdot \frac{N_{TOT-TRG\#18}}{(N_{TRG\#18})_{REC}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{N_{GOOD}}{(N_{TRG\#18})_{REC}}}$$



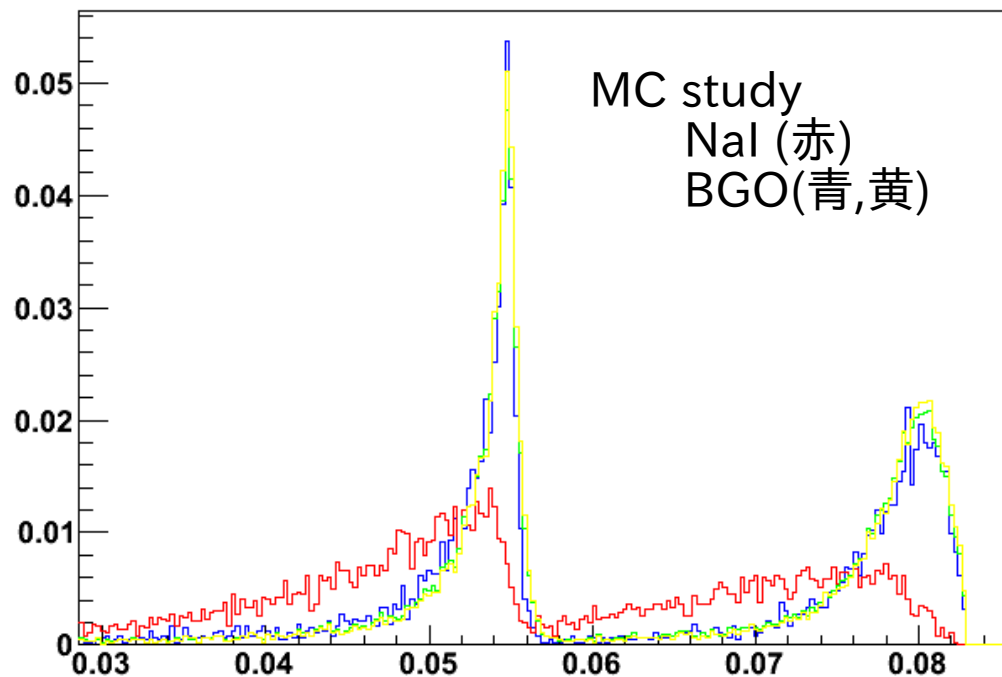


# Improve pi0 data with BGO

- Use BGO instead of NaI
  - Higher efficiency, better resolution(位置, エネルギー)
  - First test done with 16 crystals on Sep.2010

	LXe	LAr	NaI(Tl)	CsI(Tl)	BGO	LSO(Ce)	PbWO <sub>4</sub>
Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	2.98	1.40	3.67	4.51	7.13	7.40	8.3
Radiation length (cm)	2.77	14	2.59	1.86	1.12	1.14	0.89
Mollier radius (cm)	4.2	7.2	4.13	3.57	2.23	2.07	2.00
Decay time (ns)	45	1620	230	1300	300	40	30/10 <sup>1</sup>
Emission peak (nm)	178	127	410	560	480	420	425/420 <sup>1</sup>
Relative output	75	90	100	165	21	83	0.083/0.29 <sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>slow/fast component



# Relative alignment with CR

- Alignment of detectors
  - Optical survey
  - Photogrammetric survey
  - Farogauge
  - Michel positron for spectrometer
  - 
  - Relative alignment b/w Lxe and spectrometer
    - Took CR w/o magnetic field (May 2010)
    -
  - Reduce uncertainty of relative angle.

